

Why Divert Urine?

Because ...

DIVERTING URINE

Reduces Water Pollution Conserves Water Produces Fertilizers Reduces Costs Reduces Greenhouse Gas Emissions Is - low tech - reliable

- durable

Urine is extremely high in nutrients which cause water pollution

Excess growth of algae Toxic cyanobacteria blooms



Lack of oxygen Fish kills



Where do the nutrients in the urine come from?

From the food we eat:

about 2000 pounds per person per year, traveling an average of 1500 miles to the Cape



How many nutrients are imported onto Cape Cod every year?

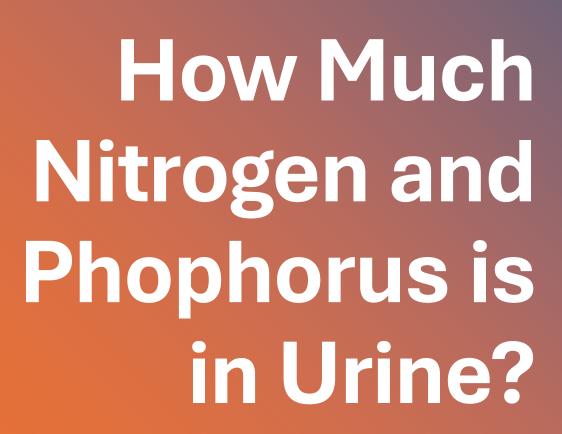
460 MILLION pounds of food

6 MILLION pounds of fertilizers, most for lawns and ornamentals

Most of those nutrients end up in our waters!!







One person's yearly volume of urine

URINE 120 gallons



8 lbs nitrogen 0.75 lbs phosphorus

URINE

Contains 80% of the nitrogen in the waste stream but is only 1% of the volume of the waste stream



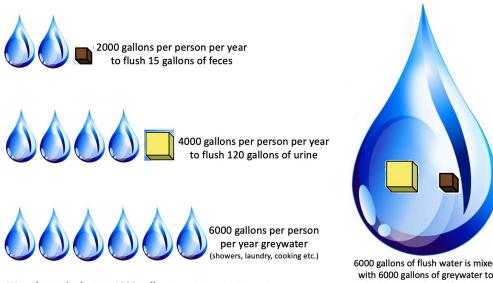
Where Does Our Urine Go?

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Into our toilet, flushed away with

- 4000 gallons of drinking water, mixed with another
- 2000 gallons of drinking water for feces and another
- 6000 gallons of greywater, together creating a waste stream of more than
- 12,000 gallons/pers/year going into our aquatic environments,

Polluting every waterbody on its way to the ocean and the ocean.



Waterless urinals save 4000 gallons per person per year. Waterless composting toilets save 6000 gallons per person per year.

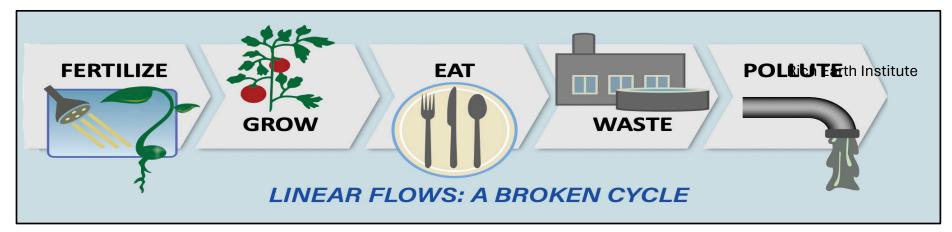


6000 gallons of flush water is mixed with 6000 gallons of greywater to produce 12,000 gallons of wastewater per person per year.





Waste of Water and Nutrients: Unsustainable, Polluting, Climate Changing



Cape's watersheds and coastal pollution



Ocean Dead Zones

Ocean Dead Zones

What is the difference between Urine Diversion and PeeCycling?

Urine Diversion is the action of keeping urine out of the waste stream

-- divert, collect and dispose of urine

-- put the urine into compost toilet

-- incinerate the urine in an incinerating toilet

PeeCycling collects, treats and reclaims urine for agricultural fertilizer

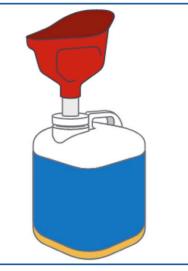
What are some Urine Diverting Fixtures?

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Waterless Urinals



"Cubie" \$80





"P-POD" Waterless, In-Wall Urinal Est. \$200



Waterless Urine-Only Pee Toilets



Seated Pee-Toile[®] \$275

Collected urine either carried away or piped to storage container in garage, basement or outside.



Cinderella Pee \$529

Urine goes into pipe to storage tank outside or in basement



Separett "Pee" \$ 599

Waterless Incinerating Toilets



Cinderella®Freedom \$4499



Cinderella® Travel \$4449

All waste is incinerated. Incineration destroys all nitrogen and contaminants. Ashes contain all minerals (except nitrogen). Often used in combination with Pee only toilet to reclaim urine as fertilizer and reduce energy use.

Waterless Composting Toilets





Phoenix \$7,700-8,700

Urine + Feces composting unit under the toilet seat

Urine + Feces composting unit in basement below toilet

Waterless Composting with Separate Urine Diversion to Storage



Nature's Head \$995 as trash.

Urine Diverting Flush Toilets



Wostman "EcoFlush" \$700

Uses water to flush both feces and urine.

Uses less water than normal flush toilets.

Urine is diverted but urine is diluted with every flush.

Diluted urine needs twice as much storage, twice as much pump-out, twice cost of transport, and twice as much pasteurization.

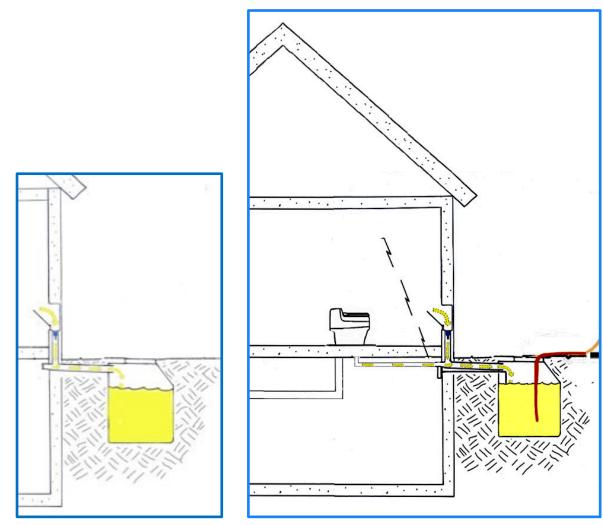


How and Where does urine get stored?



URINE STORAGE

Outside barried in-ground or in basement





URINE STORAGE SMALL AND LARGE







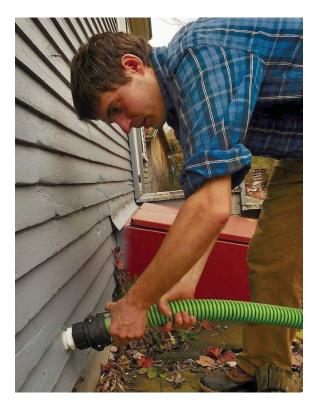








PUMP-OUT and HAULING to treatment facility



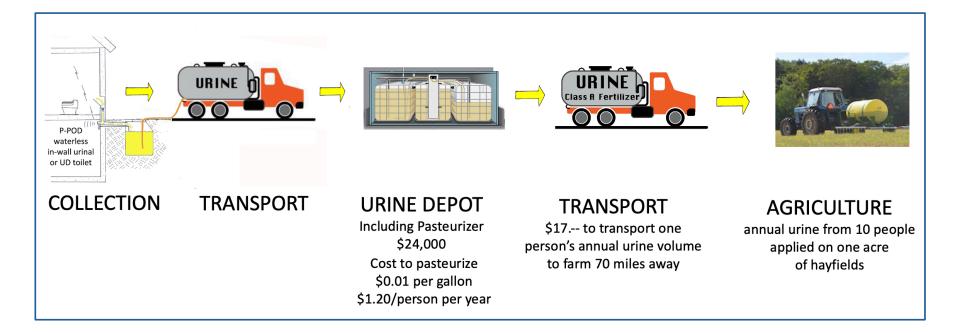




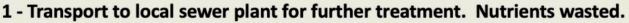
What does community-scale Urine Infrastructure look like?



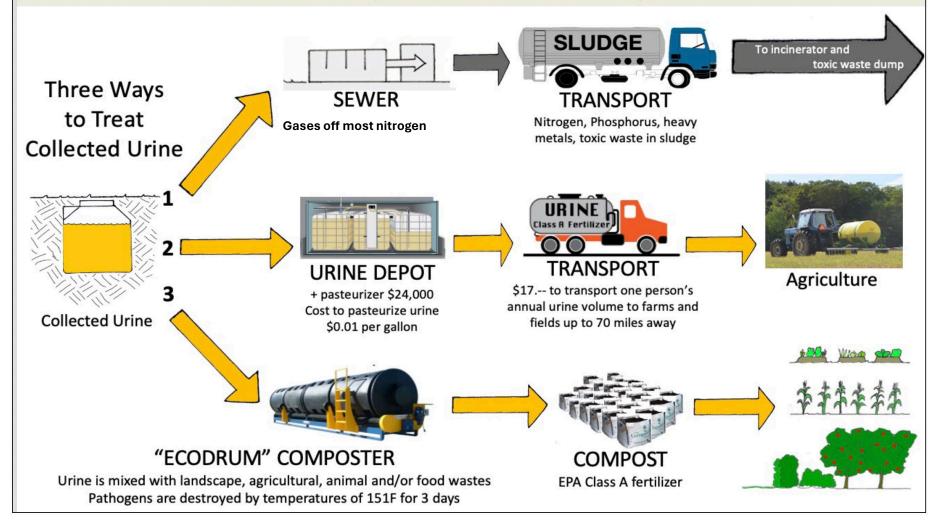
Urine Diversion Infrastructure collects, treats and recycles urine for agricultural fertilizer on a community-scale



Community-Scale Urine Infrastructure



- 2 Transport to "Urine Depot". Pasteurize. Transport to farmers as Class A fertilizer
- 3 Transport to "Ecodrum" in-vessel composter
- Combine with landscape & food wastes. Produce compost fertilizer



Composting Urine with Organic 'Wastes'

Ecodrum Composter

What is the cost

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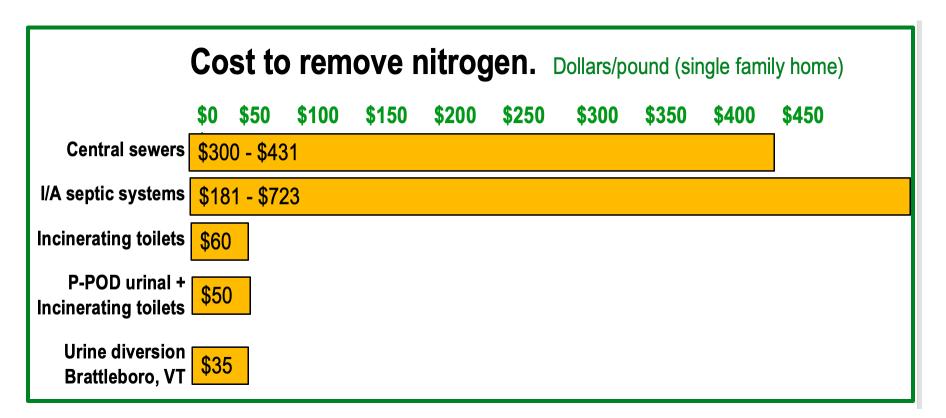
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of removing nitrogen from

the waste stream?

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An average adult produces 8 lbs of nitrogen in urine per year!



Cost of urine diversion does not include <u>the savings on water and value</u> of fertilizer



Urine Diversion:

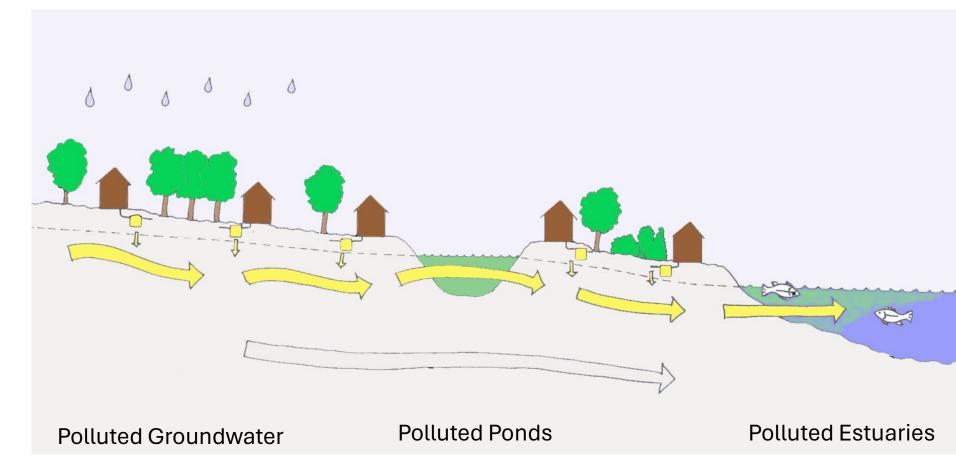
the most cost effective,

quickest way

to reduce pollution in a Watershed



Urine Pollution of a Watershed

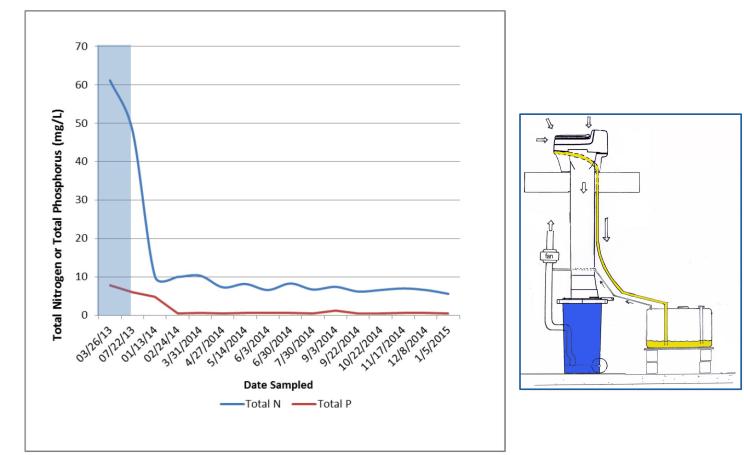


Urine Diversion in a Watershed



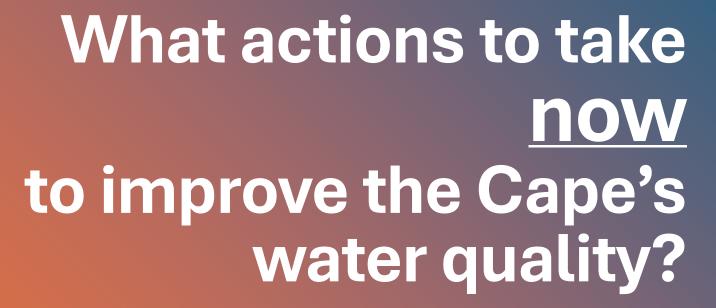
Cleans ALL Water in a Watershed

Urine Diversion



Urine Diversion can reduce nitrogen up to 80% and phosphorus up to 55%

Composting toilets reduce nitrogen by 90% and phosphorus by 99%



Actions

Divert your urine Use urine fertilizers Grow your own food **Support local farms** Eat less meat & dairy **Demand UD**

Change Personally

Globally, Acr

Thank you.

Earle Barnhart & Hilda Maingay The Green Center, Inc. thegreencenterinc@gmail.com

Extra topics:

All watershed plans are based on estimates.

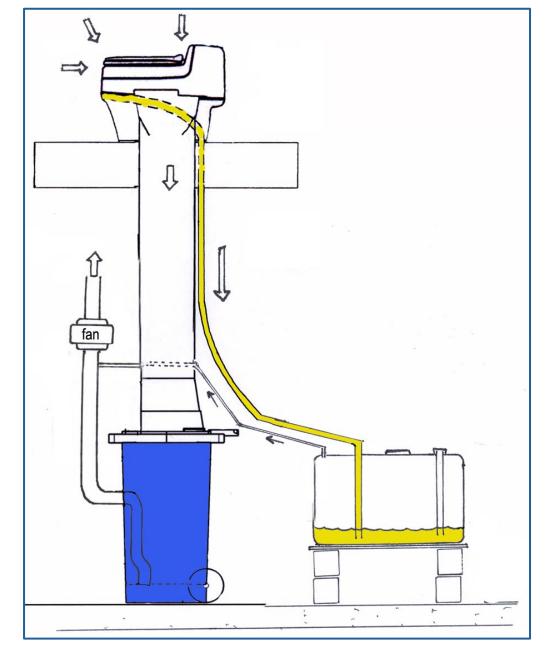
These data are based on concentration of nitrogen in the effluent water after it leaves the septic tank.

Households that use a lot of water, can have a low concentration but could contribute a high total amount of pounds of nitrogen to the groundwater.

People who have a high protein diet, produce more nitrogen and phosphorus than those who eat less protein. The amount of nitrogen going into our wastewater in the US and globally has increased dramatically due to higher consumption of meat.

Sewers do NOT clean the water. They only gas off large portion of the nitrogen in the wastewater. The rest of the nitrogen and all the minerals and heavy metals and other contaminants are deposited into water and onto land as sludge or toxic ashes.

Slides for panel discussion



Separett / Full-Circle Urine Diverting Composting Toilet





waterless, odorless

Separett Villa 9220



active bins

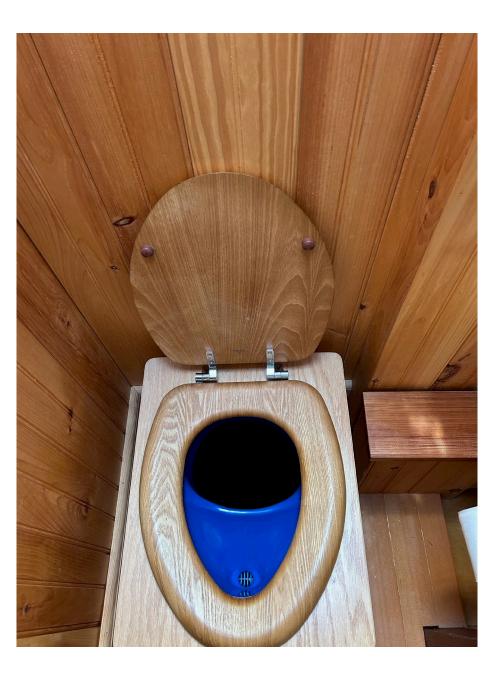


"resting bins" inside, with airlines to fan and chimney



"resting bins" outside, passive ventilation

Steve & Jenny Junker's Full Circle toilets In Woods Hole







active bin #1



"resting bins"



active bin #2 urine storage tanks



