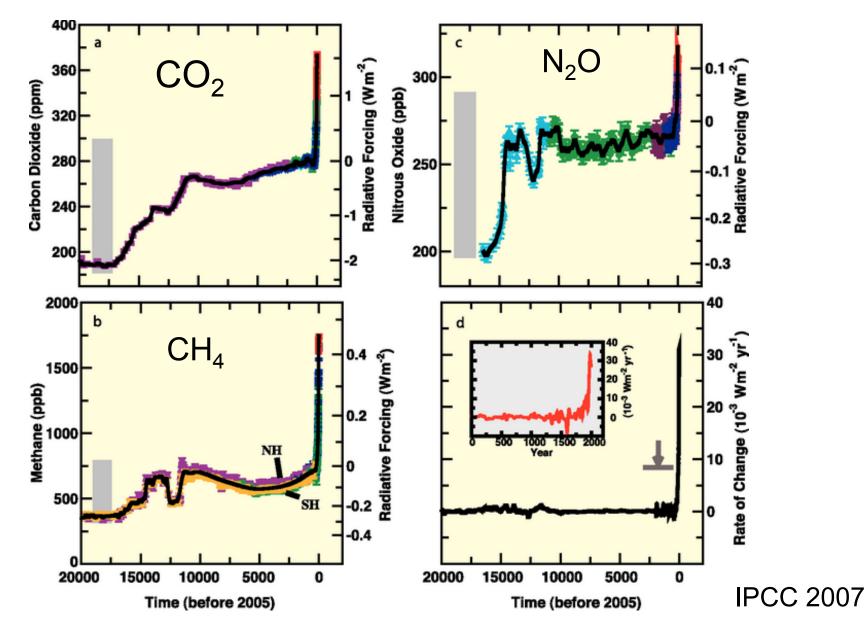
Effects of Nitrogen Loading on Greenhouse Gas Emissions from Salt Marshes in the US Northeast

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### **Atmospheric GHG concentration**



# IPCC emissions factor for N<sub>2</sub>O

- 1% of fertilizer N (IPCC 2007)
- 2.5% of fertilizer N (Davidson 2009)
- 3-5% of fertilizer N (Crutzen et al. 2008)

Can we simply use the emissions factor to calculate N<sub>2</sub>O emissions?

### Questions

- With N loading, how much N is released as gases (including N<sub>2</sub>O), how much is retained, and how much is taken away by tidal water?
- How does N loading change CO<sub>2</sub> and CH<sub>4</sub> fluxes and carbon sequestration in soils?

### **Conceptual framework**

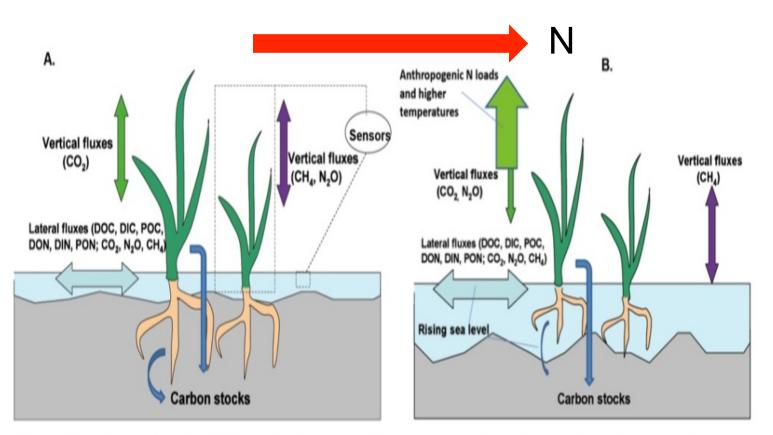


Fig. 2A. Diagram of GHG emissions and C sequestration (C stocks) in coastal wetlands; the dotted lines indicate measurement of vertical and lateral fluxes with sensors. B. Simplified presentation of hypothesized changes in vertical and lateral fluxes of GHGs and declines in C stocks with N loading, temperature, and sea level. Only a few of the potential effects of these factors have been illustrated in this figure.

### **GHG** and carbon sequestration

#### $CO_2$ equivalent = net $CO_2$ flux + $CH_4$ flux \* 25 + $N_2O$ flux \* 298

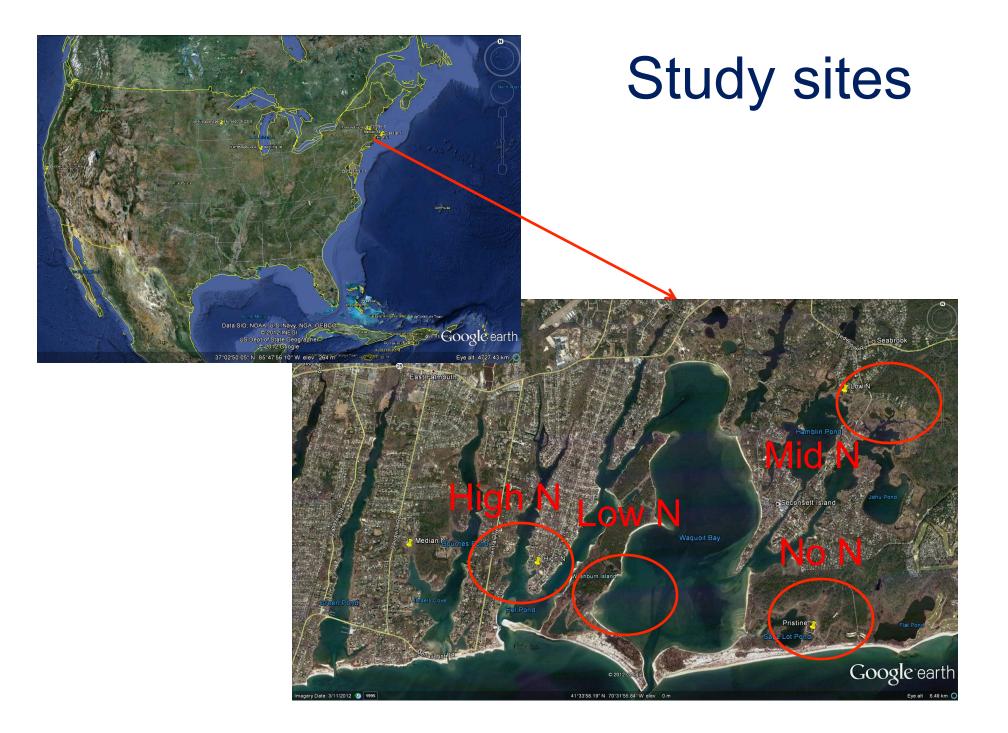
Net ecosystem C balance (NECB)

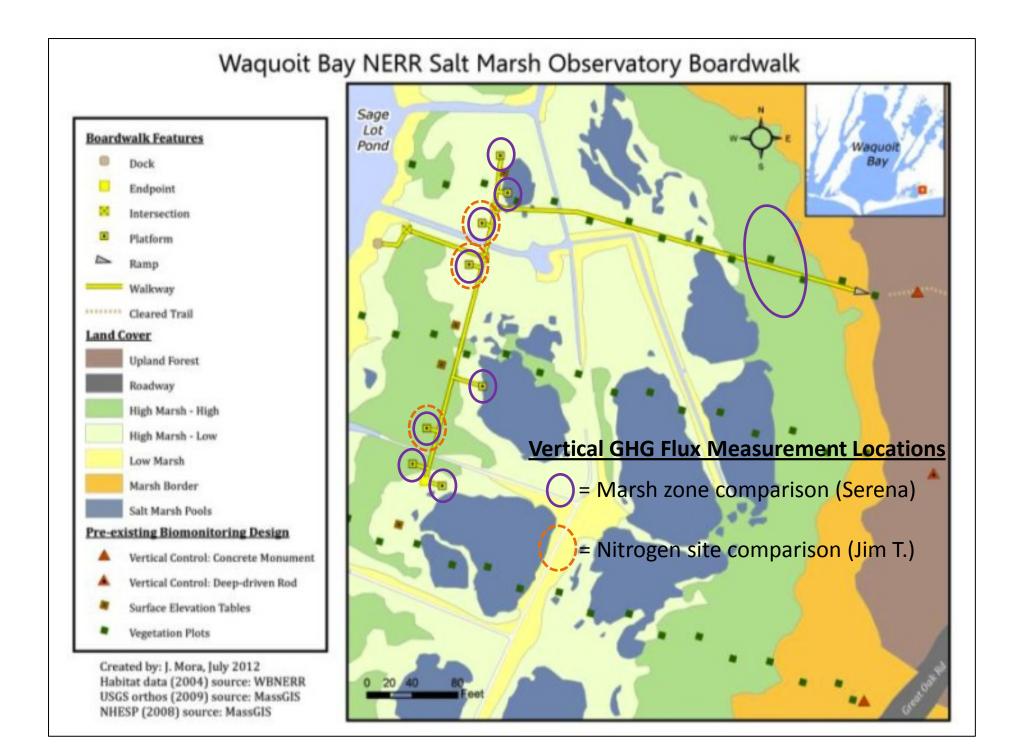
NECB = NEP - RCH<sub>4</sub> - FL.

NEP: net ecosystem production of  $CO_2$ , measured with the closed transparent chamber

RCH<sub>4</sub>: CH<sub>4</sub> flux measured simultaneously with NEP.

FL: net lateral flux

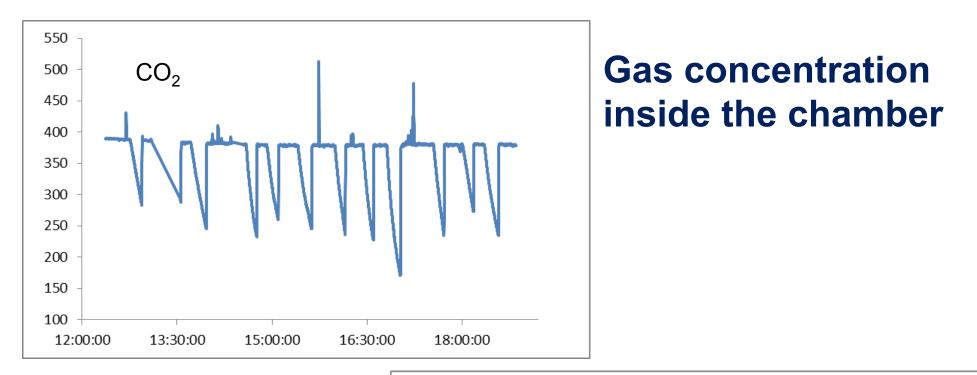


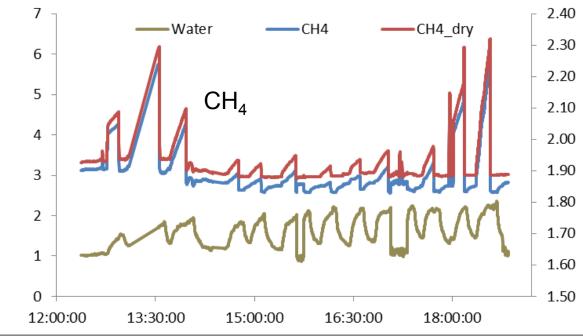


#### **GHG flux measurement**



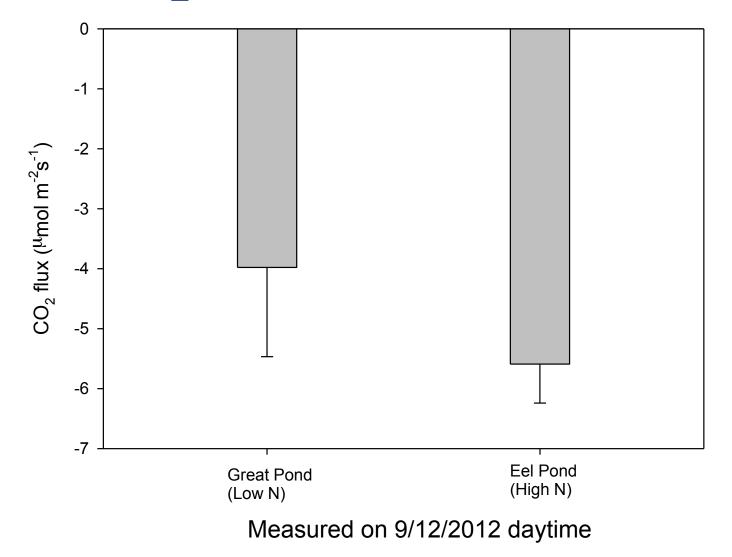




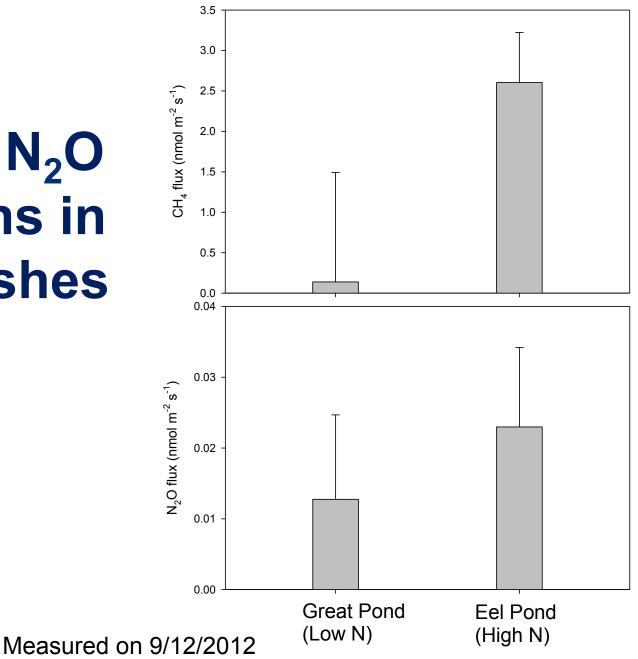


**Preliminary results** 

### **CO<sub>2</sub> uptake in salt marshes**



## CH<sub>4</sub> and N<sub>2</sub>O emissions in salt marshes



# **Preliminary conclusion**

 CO<sub>2</sub> uptake in salt marshes may increase with N loading, but CH<sub>4</sub> and N<sub>2</sub>O emissions also increase with N loading.

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